# PRESSURE OPERATED PUMP ADCAMAT PPA14 <br> DN $80 \times 50$ 

## DESCRIPTION

The ADCAMAT PPA, fabricated in carbon steel (stainless steel on request), is recommended in the transfer of hightemperature liquids such as condensate, oils and others, to a higher elevation or pressure.
Under certain conditions, it can drain a closed vessel under vacuum or pressure.
The pump can be operated by steam, compressed air or gas and can be used for lifting any kind of non corrosive liquids.


## OPERATION

Liquid flows by gravity into the pump through an inlet check valve lifting a float which, at the upper limit of its stroke, opens the supply valve, allowing steam or compressed air to enter the pump's body. Pressure in the pump builds up until it's just sufficient to overcome back pressure.
The pressurized liquid opens the outlet check valve and discharge begins. When the float reaches the minimum lower level, it closes the steam or compressed air supply valve and opens the vent, allowing the liquid to fill the pump again.
As the amount of liquid discharged at each stroke is known, the total volume that flows during a given period of time can be calculated by counting the number of cycles during that period. For that purpose, a special counter is available which screws into a tapped connection on the top cover of the pump. This counter records the number of pumping strokes, thus enabling the pump to function as a reliable flow meter.

MAIN
FEATURES: No electric requirements.
OPTIONS: Duplex packaged design.
Stainless steel construction.
Level gauge.
Stroke counter.
USE: To lift condensate or hot and cold liquids.
AVAILABLE
MODELS:
ADCAMAT PPA14-S - carbon steel
construction
(Carbon steel version is sandblasted,
metalized and black painted).

SIZES:
DN $80 \times 50$.
CONNECTIONS: Flanged EN1092-1 PN16. Special flanges upon request.

| APPLICATION LIMITS |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Minimum density | $0,80 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{L}$ |
| Maximum viscosity | $5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Engler}$ |
| Maximum motive pressure | 10 bar |
| Minimum motive pressure | 1 bar |
| Pump discharge per cycle | 25 L |

Female screwed ISO 7/1 Rp (BS21).
INSTALLATION: Horizontal installation.
See IMI - Installation and maintenance instructions.

MOTIVE GAS: Steam or compressed air.

CE MARKING - GROUP 2 (PED - European Directive)

| PN16 | Category |
| :---: | :---: |
| DN $80 \times 50$ | 3 (CE marked) |

## DIMENSIONS (mm)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIZE } \\ \text { DN } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { A } \\ \text { PN16 } \end{gathered}$ | A ANSI 150 lb | $\begin{gathered} \text { B } \\ \text { PN16 } \end{gathered}$ | A ANSI 150 lb | C | D | E | F | H | J | L | M | WGT. <br> (kg) | VOL. <br> (L) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $80 \times 50$ | 775 | 847 | 580 | 616 | 113 | 665 | 406 | 200 | 642 | 30 | 30 | 435 | 123 | 68 |

* With welding neck flanges. Dimensions are different if threaded flanges are requested.


| LIMITING CONDITIONS * |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PPA14 |  |  |
| PN16 | Pressure (bar) | Temp. (으) |
|  | 16 | 50 |
|  | 14 | 100 |
|  | 13 | 195 |
|  | 12 | 250 |
| ANSI <br> 150 lb | 16 | 50 |
|  | 13 | 195 |

Min. operating temp.: $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$;
Design code: AD-Merkblatt.

* Rating acc. to EN 1092-1:2018.

$\triangle D C d$


| MATERIALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POS. <br> No | DESIGNATION | MATERIAL <br> PPA14-S |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Pump body | P265GH / 1.0425; P235GH / <br> $1.0345 ;$ S235JR / 1.0038 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Cover | GJSS-400-15 / 0.7040 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | * Cover gasket | Non asbestos |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | ${ }^{*}$ Inlet valve / Seat assembly | Stainless steel |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | * Exhaust valve / | Stainless steel |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Seat assembly | Stainless steel |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | *Float | Stainless steel |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | * Springs | INCONEL |
| $\mathbf{9 . 1}$ | *RD40 Outlet check valve | CF8M / 1.4408 |
| $\mathbf{9 . 2}$ | * RD40 Inlet check valve | CF8M / 1.4408 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | Bolts | Steel 8.8 |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | ** PN16 EN 1092-1 flanges | P250GH / 1.0460 |
| *Available spare parts |  |  |

* Available spare parts;
** Welding neck EN 1092-1 flanges. Threaded flanges under request.


## Stroke counter:

Available on request, it can be screwed directly into the top cover of the pump or above the pump through a $1 / 2$ " size pipe for easier reading (max. 1 m ).


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## SIZING AND INSTALLATION

## SIZING OF THE SYSTEM

The discharge capacity of the pump is a function of:
1.Condensate load (kg/h).
2.The pressure of operating medium (steam, compressed air or other gases).
3.The total lift or back pressure the pump will have to exhaust against. This includes the change in fluid level elevation after the pump ( $0.0981 \mathrm{bar} / \mathrm{m}$ of lift), plus pressure in the return piping, plus the pressure drop in bar caused by pipe friction, plus any other system component pressure drop the pump exhaust will have to overcome.
4.Filling head available ( 300 mm is recommended).

## INSTALLATION

Fig. 1 shows a typical example of an ADCAMAT automatic pump installation. For further details and instructions please contact the distributor.

## RECEIVER

A receiver is recommended to temporarily hold the liquid and prevent any flooding of the equipment, while the pump is in the pumping phase. Some suggested receiver sizes are described in Table 2.

| CAPACITY CORRECTION FACTOR FOR GASES |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTHER THAN STEAM |  |  |  |  |$|$| \% Backpress. <br> vs <br> Motive press. <br> (BP/MP) | $10 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correction factor | 1,04 | 1,08 | 1,12 |

[^0]

Fig. 1

| MATERIALS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POS. | DESIGNATION | POS. | DESIGNATION |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Receiver | $\mathbf{5}$ | Pump |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Ball valve | $\mathbf{6}$ | RD40 disc check valve |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Strainer | $\mathbf{7}$ | Steam trap |

Table 1

| SUGGESTED RECEIVER |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pump size | DN $80 \times 50$ |
| Receiver size <br> Diam $\times$ lenght | $323 \times 1000$ |

Table 2

| CAPACITY MULTIPLYING FACTORS FOR OTHER |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FILLING HEADS |  |  |  |  |
| Pump size | Filling head (mm) |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 0 0}$ |
|  | 0,9 | 1 | 1,08 | 1,2 |

Table 4

| FLOW RATE (kg/h) <br> Installation with 600 mm filling head <br> above the pump cover |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motive <br> pressure (bar) | Total lift <br> (bar) | DN 80 x 50 |

Table 5 (based on liquid specific gravity 0,9-1,0).
Filling head measured from the bottom of receiver to top of pump cover.

## Example:

Condensate load
Filling head Motive fluid Available pressure Vertical lift after pump
Return piping pressure Piping friction pressure drop

## Calculations:

Total back pressure:1,2 bar + (10 m x 0,0981) $=2,181$ bar Pump choice, assuming steam as motive fluid, at a pressure of 7 bar and a back pressure of 3 bar, the DN $80 \times 50$ pump has a capacity of $4040 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{h}$, according to Table 5.

## Correction for filling Head:

With 150 mm filling head the correction factor from table 4 is 0,9 . The corrected capacity is: $4040 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{h} \times 0,9=3636 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{h}$

## Correction for air as a motive fluid:

The \% back pressure 2,181 bar / 7 bar = 31\% The correction factor from table 3, is 1,08
The corrected capacity is, $3636 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{h} \times 1,08=3926,88 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{h}$, and so, a DN $80 \times 50$ pump is still recommended.


[^0]:    Table 3

